October 19, 2023

Chair Bernie Sanders  
Committee on Health, Education, Labor & Pensions  
U.S. Senate  
Washington, DC 20510

Ranking Member Bill Cassidy, M.D.  
Committee on Health, Education, Labor & Pensions  
U.S. Senate  
Washington, DC 20510

Dear Chair Sanders and Ranking Member Cassidy:

On behalf of the undersigned organizations, we write to express our strong support for the Preventing Adverse Childhood Experiences (PACE) Act introduced by Sen. King and Sen. Murkowski. This vital piece of legislation will support critical efforts at the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) to prevent and mitigate adverse childhood experiences (ACEs) for five years. The bill will also support research to improve our understanding of ACEs and inform prevention efforts. We urge the Committee to include this legislation in the reauthorization of the SUPPORT for Patients and Communities Act.

ACEs are potentially traumatic events—in connection with abuse, neglect, and high community rates of violence, crime, or poverty—that occur in childhood and can have long-lasting effects on the life of an individual. A recent CDC study of 2011-2020 survey data from across the United States found that around two thirds of adults reported at least one ACE, and one in six reported four or more ACEs. As the number of ACEs an individual experiences increases, the risk for negative health outcomes like asthma, diabetes, cancer, and suicide in adulthood also increases. CDC estimates, for example, that the prevention of ACEs could avoid 21 million cases of depression and 1.9 million cases of heart disease. Importantly, a 2021 review also found an association between ACEs and the development and severity of substance use disorder. The promotion of positive childhood experiences through safe, stable, and nurturing relationships and environments can help avoid these serious consequences by preventing ACEs and mitigating their impact.

The PACE Act will help prevent ACEs and promote positive childhood experiences through grants for data-driven, evidenced-based strategies and activities that leverage multi-sector partnerships. The bill will also inform prevention strategies through data analysis to determine ACEs with high burden, positive childhood experiences with low prevalence, and specific subpopulations with disproportionate burdens of ACEs that contribute to health inequities. The

reauthorization of these activities will help meet the large demand among potential grant recipients for involvement in CDC prevention efforts.

Importantly, the PACE Act will also support new studies, evaluation, and research on the prevention of ACEs, including through positive childhood experiences (PCEs). The original ACEs study, which CDC and Kaiser Permanente conducted, significantly advanced our understanding of these issues. The study, however, lacked a representative study population (e.g., the study population was predominantly white and middle-income individuals) and insufficiently measured the impact of social and economic conditions. The PACE Act would enable CDC to complement and build on the original study. New research efforts, for example, would focus on equity by including a diverse, nationally representative sample and examine the strength of the relationship between ACEs and negative health outcomes, the intensity and frequency of ACEs, and the relative influence of particular risk and protective factors. Importantly, the PACE Act would also enhance our understanding of ACEs and PCEs by requiring the consideration of social, economic, and other community conditions.

We applaud your bipartisan efforts to improve behavioral health outcomes, including through the reauthorization of the SUPPORT for Patients and Communities Act. We urge you to include the PACE Act in this reauthorization to boost resources for preventing, mitigating, and understanding ACEs.

Please reach out to Brandon Reavis, Senior Government Relations Manager at Trust for America’s Health, at breavis@tfah.org with any questions or requests.

Sincerely,

American Association of Child and Adolescent Psychiatry
American Foundation for Suicide Prevention
American Psychiatric Nurses Association
American Psychological Association
American Public Health Association
Association of Maternal & Child Health Programs
Association of State and Territorial Health Officials
Child & Adolescent Health Measurement Initiative, Bloomberg School of Public Health
Children and Adults with Attention-Deficit/Hyperactivity Disorder
Clinical Social Work Association
Committee for Children
Crisis Text Line
Faces and Voices of Recovery
First Focus Campaign for Children
Futures Without Violence

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